

Archaeological monitoring at 22 St Peter's Road, West Mersea, Essex, CO5 8LJ

November-December 2017



by Dr Elliott Hicks

with contributions from Dr Matthew Loughton
figures by A Tuffey, M Baister, S Carter and E Holloway

fieldwork by Mark Baister

on behalf of Mr and Mrs Porter

NGR: TM 00743 12575 (centre)
Planning reference: 162644
CAT project ref.: 17/09I
Colchester Museum accession code COLEM: 2017.126
CHER ref: ECC4087
OASIS reference: colchest3-296279



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CAT Report 1266
November 2018

Contents

1	Summary	1
2	Introduction	1
3	Archaeological background	1
4	Aim	2
5	Results	2
6	Finds	3
7	Conclusion	3
8	Acknowledgements	3
9	References	3
10	Abbreviations and glossary	4
11	Contents of archive	4
12	Archive deposition	4

Figures

after p5

Appendix 1 CAT WSI

Appendix 2 OASIS Summary

List of photographs and figures

Cover: general site shot

Photograph 1	F1 sx, looking north	2
Photograph 2	F2 sx, looking north	2

Fig 1 Site location

Fig 2 Results

Fig 3 Representative sections

1 Summary

Archaeological monitoring was carried out at 22 St Peter's Road, West Mersea between the demolition of the existing building and its replacement with a new four-bedroom detached dwelling. An undated ditch and a medieval or post-medieval possible pit were detected.

2 Introduction (Fig 1)

This report presents the results of archaeological monitoring and recording at 22 St Peter's Road, West Mersea, Essex which was carried out from 28th November to 8th December 2017. The work was commissioned by Mr and Mrs Porter during the demolition of the existing building and replacement with a new four-bedroom detached dwelling and was undertaken by Colchester Archaeological Trust (CAT).

As the site lies within an area identified by the Colchester Historical Environment Record (CHER) and the Essex Historic Environment Record (EHER) as possessing a high potential for archaeological deposits, following consultation with Colchester Borough Council Planning Services (CBCPS), Colchester Borough Council Archaeological Advisor Jess Tipper advised that in order to establish the archaeological implications of this application, the applicant should be required to commission a scheme of archaeological investigation in accordance with paragraphs 128, 129 and 132 of the *National Planning Policy Framework* (DCLG 2012).

All archaeological work was carried out in accordance with a *Brief for Continuous Archaeological Monitoring and Recording*, detailing the required archaeological work, written by Jess Tipper (CBCPS 2017), and a Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) prepared by CAT in response to the brief and agreed with CBCPS (CAT 2017)

In addition to the brief and WSI, all fieldwork and reporting was done in accordance with English Heritage's *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)* (English Heritage 2006), and with *Standards for field archaeology in the East of England* (EAA 14 and 24). This report mirrors standards and practices contained in the Institute for Archaeologists' *Standard and guidance for an archaeological watching brief* (ClfA 2014a) and *Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials* (ClfA 2014b).

3 Archaeological background

The following archaeological background draws on the major published sources for Colchester archaeology (listed below), and also on the Colchester Historic Environment Record (CHER) and the Essex Historic Environment Record (EHER).

The EHER shows that the development site lies to the west of the medieval Church of St Peter and St Paul (EHER 2274; NHLE no. 1225167) built with ragstone walls containing Roman and later brick. It is thought that a small medieval Benedictine priory existed to the west of the church and within the area of this development (EHER 2187), but little is known about it. Brick rubbish and burnt tile was seen by P.G. Laver in the area by 1906 (EHER 2188) and Roman mosaic pavements, tessellated floors, walls and pottery have also been found around the church (EHER 2122, 2191, 2214, 12501).

Groundworks near to the development site at 16 Church Road (Hallybone 2006), Yew Tree House (18th century listed building, NHLE no. 1266512) (CAR 6; microfiche 6/1992/1030, site code 1/84C), the Blackwater Hotel (CAT Report 223, EHER 45870) and 20 St Peter's Road (CAT Report 1038) did not reveal any significant archaeological horizons. Recent excavations undertaken at 24 St Peter's Road (CAT Report 1100) were similarly inconclusive, with no archaeological remains uncovered. However, an

inhumation recorded at a property on Church Road (EHER 12546) may be associated with the priory.

4 Aim

Archaeological monitoring was undertaken to excavate and record any archaeological deposits which were exposed during the groundworks.

5 Results (Figs 2-3, Photographs 1-2)

During the period 23rd November to 8th December 2017, the following groundworks were supervised by a CAT archaeologist: a) 80m of foundation trenching, measuring 0.7-0.9m in width and 1-1.3m in depth; b) 30.3m of drainage trenching, measuring 0.6m in width and 0.8-1m in depth; c) a hole for a pump, measuring 2m in length and width and 2.2m in depth and; d) a soakaway measuring 4m by 2.5m and 1.3m in depth.

Excavations exposed three horizons. Modern topsoil (L1, c 0.4-1.04m thick, soft, very dry light/medium grey/brown sandy-silt with occasional CBM pieces) sat above natural (L2, soft, dry light orange sand with 5% gravel). In the north-eastern corner of the development area, L1 was sealed by a modern demolition layer (L3, c 0.3-0.4m thick, firm, dry medium grey sandy-silt with frequent gravel, stone and concrete pieces).



Photograph 1 F1 sx, looking north

Undated ditch F1 was observed in section in the southernmost E-W section of foundation trenching. Its exposed profile measured 2.86m in width, although it should be noted that the trenching cut the feature at an oblique angle, and the feature was in fact much narrower than this. Its depth could not be determined as this section of foundation trenching was only excavated to a depth of 1m.



Photograph 2 F2 sx, looking north

Medieval or post-medieval possible pit F2 was also observed in section towards the eastern end of the middle E-W part of foundation trenching. It measured 1.32m in width and 0.4m in depth.

6 Finds

by Dr Matthew Loughton

There were two finds from F2 (1):

1. A slightly abraded sherd of medieval/post-medieval ceramic building material, with a weight of 16 g.
2. One complete oyster shell with a weight of 54 g. Left (lower) valve which is slightly distorted, maximum length is 92 mm and maximum width 82 mm.

7 Conclusion

Monitoring at this site revealed an undatable ditch and a medieval or post-medieval possible pit. It is possible that these features relate to the nearby medieval Church of St Peter and St Paul or the Benedictine priory purported to be located in the vicinity.

8 Acknowledgements

CAT thanks Mr and Mrs Porter for commissioning and funding the work. The project was managed by C Lister and carried out by M Baister. Figures were prepared by A Tuffey, M Baister, S Carter and E Holloway. The project was monitored for the CBCPS by Jess Tipper.

9 References

Note: all CAT reports, except for DBAs, are available online in PDF format at <http://cat.essex.ac.uk>

- | | | |
|------------------|-------|---|
| Brown, D | 2007 | <i>Archaeological Archives: A guide to best practice in creation, compilation, transfer and curation</i> |
| CAR 6 | 1992 | <i>Colchester Archaeological Report 6: Excavations at Culver Street, the Gilbert School, and other sites in Colchester 1971-85, by P Crummy</i> |
| CAT | 2014 | <i>Health & Safety Policy</i> |
| CAT | 2017 | <i>Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) for continuous archaeological recording at 22 St Peter's Road, West Mersea, Essex, CO5 8LJ</i> |
| CAT Report 223 | 2003 | <i>An archaeological evaluation at the Blackwater Hotel, Church Road, West Mersea, Colchester, Essex: March 2003</i> |
| CAT Report 1038 | 2016 | <i>Archaeological monitoring and recording at 20 St Peter's Road, West Mersea, Essex, CO5 8LJ: November 2016</i> |
| CAT Report 1100 | 2017 | <i>Archaeological monitoring and recording at 24 St Peter's Road, West Mersea, Essex, CO5 8LJ: April 2017</i> |
| CBCPS | 2017 | <i>Brief for continuous archaeological monitoring and recording at 22 St. Peters Road, West Mersea, Colchester, CO5 8LJ</i> |
| CifA | 2014a | <i>Standard and Guidance for an archaeological watching brief</i> |
| CifA | 2014b | <i>Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials</i> |
| DCLG | 2012 | <i>National Planning Policy Framework</i> |
| English Heritage | 2006 | <i>Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)</i> |
| Gurney, D | 2003 | <i>Standards for field archaeology in the East of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 14 (EAA 14).</i> |
| Hallybone, C | 2006 | <i>Land to the rear of 16 Coast Road, West Mersea, Colchester, Essex: Archaeological monitoring and recording</i> |
| Medlycott, M | 2011 | <i>Research and archaeology revisited: A revised framework for the East of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 24 (EAA 24)</i> |

10 Abbreviations and glossary

CAT	Colchester Archaeological Trust
CBCPS	Colchester Borough Council Planning Services
CBM	ceramic building material, ie brick/tile
CHER	Colchester Historic Environment Record (previously UAD, Urban Archaeological Database)
ClfA	Chartered Institute for Archaeologists
context	specific location of finds on an archaeological site
feature (F)	an identifiable thing like a pit, a wall, a drain: can contain 'contexts'
layer (L)	distinct or distinguishable deposit (layer) of material
medieval	period from AD 1066 to c 1500
modern	period from c AD 1800 to the present
natural	geological deposit undisturbed by human activity
post-medieval	from c AD 1500 to c 1800
Roman	the period from AD 43 to c AD 410
section	(abbreviation sx or Sx) vertical slice through feature/s or layer/s
ws	written scheme of investigation

11 Contents of archive

Finds: none retained

Paper and digital record

One A4 document wallet containing:

The report (CAT Report 1266)

CBCPS evaluation brief, CAT written scheme of investigation

Original site record (feature and layer sheets, finds record, plans, sections)

Site digital photos and log

12 Archive deposition

The paper and digital archive is currently held by the Colchester Archaeological Trust at Roman Circus House, Roman Circus Walk, Colchester, Essex, CO2 7GZ, but will be permanently deposited with Colchester Museum under accession code: COLEM 2017.126.

Distribution list

Mr and Mrs Porter

Jess Tipper, Colchester Borough Council Planning Services
Essex Historic Environment Record



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Date: 12.11.2018

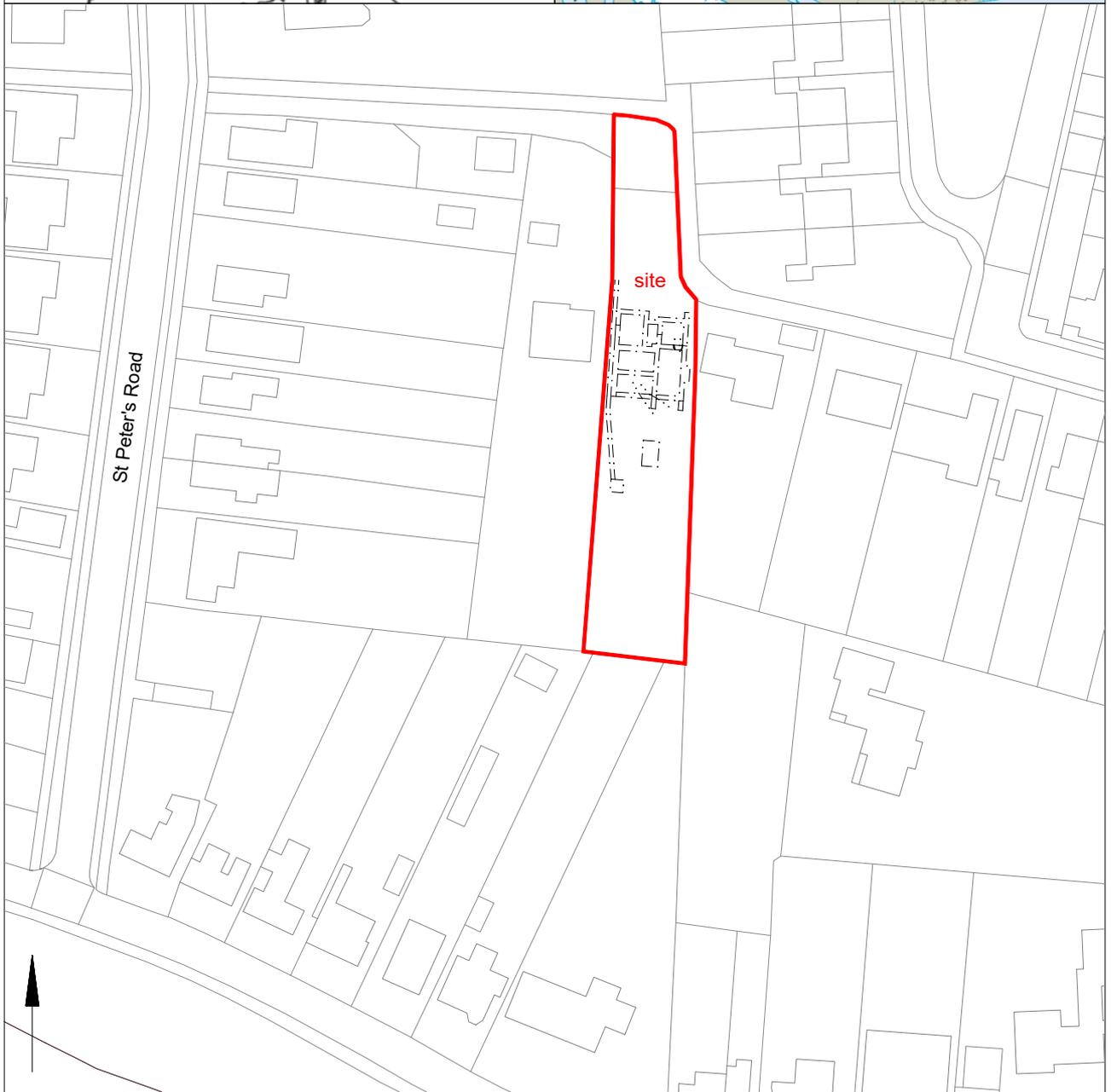
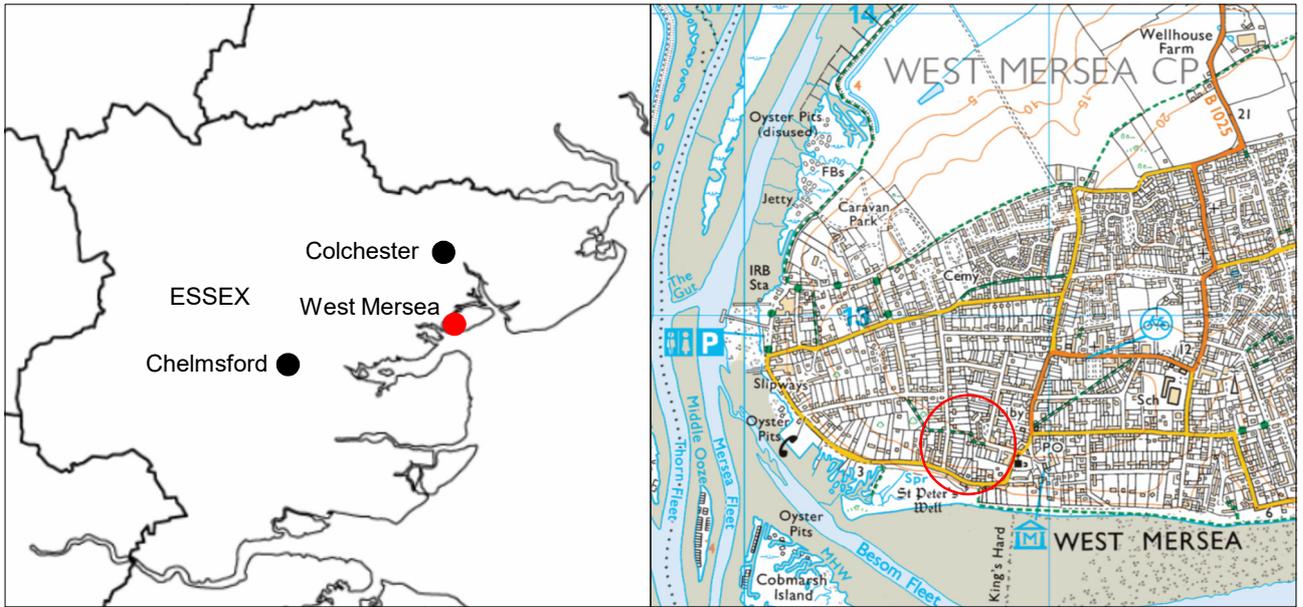
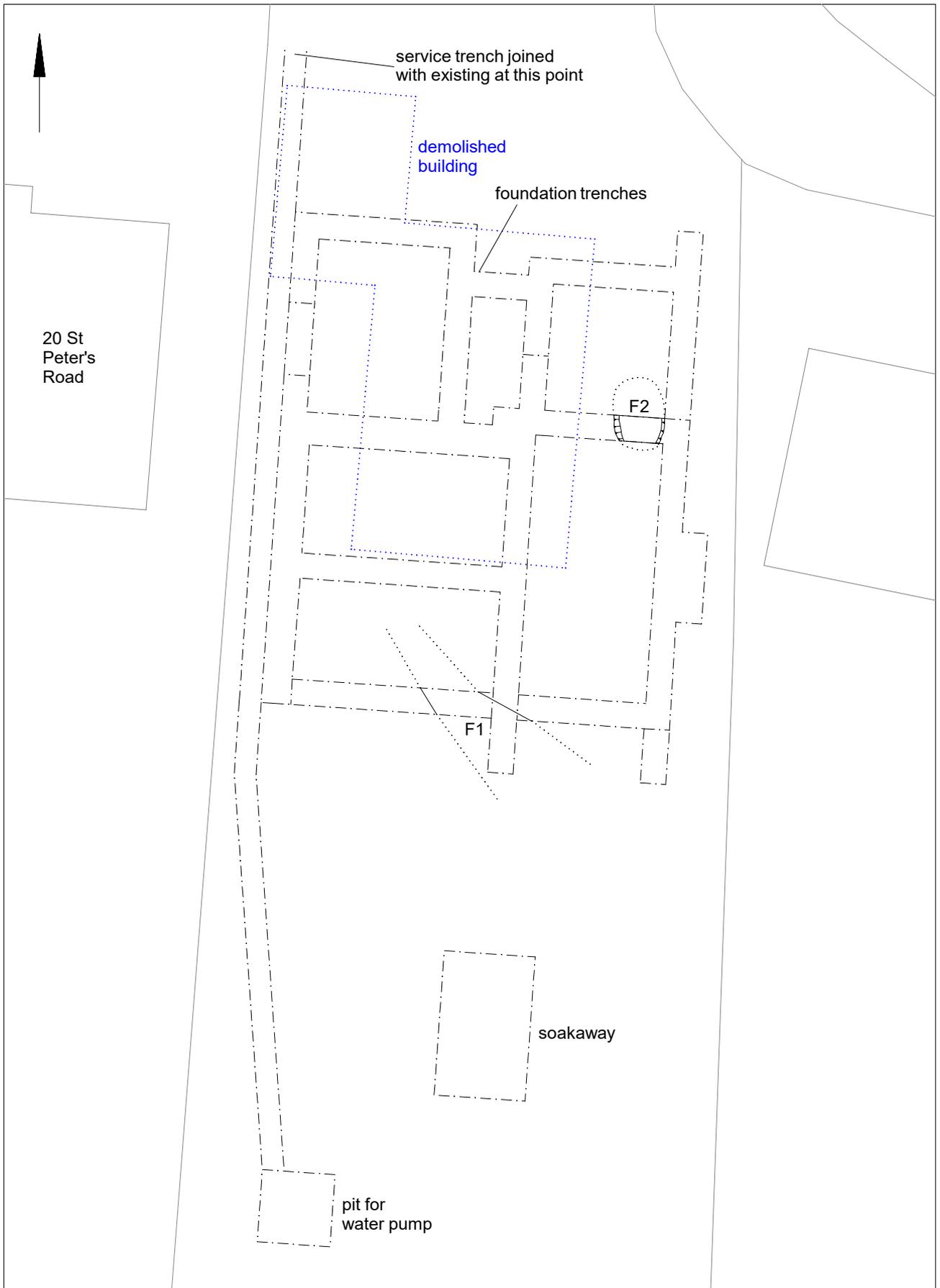


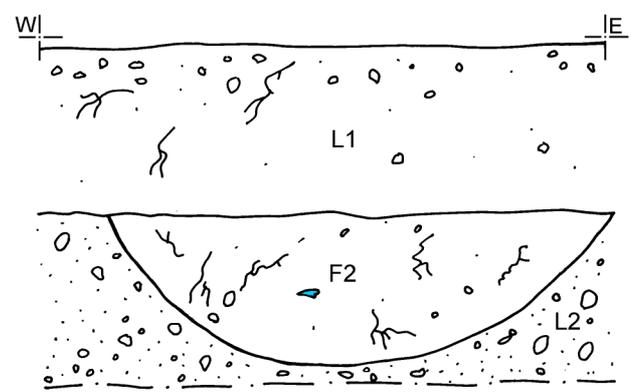
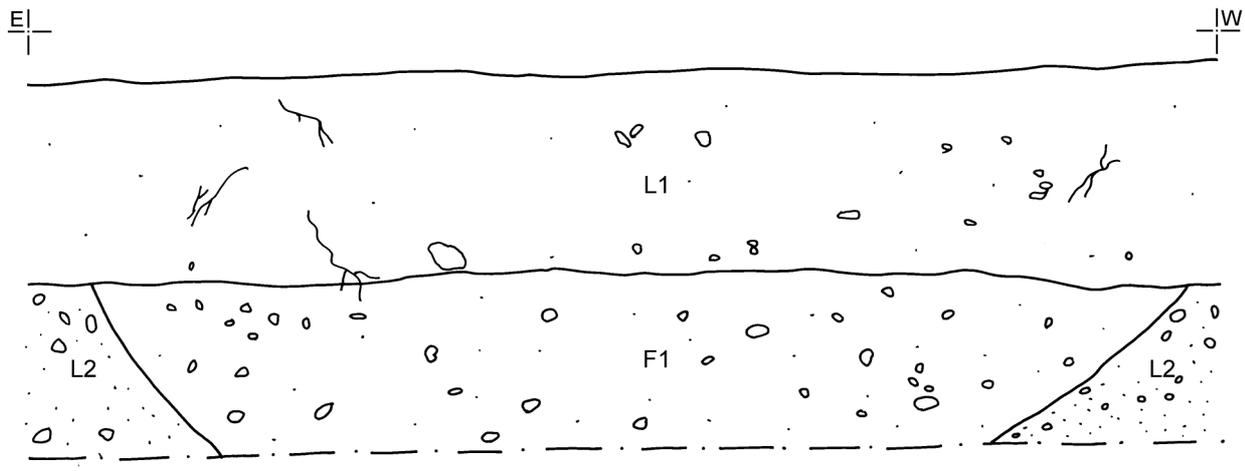
Fig 1 Site location.



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Fig 2 Monitoring results.





- sand
- small stones
- oyster shell
- concrete
- roots

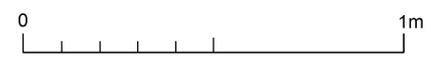
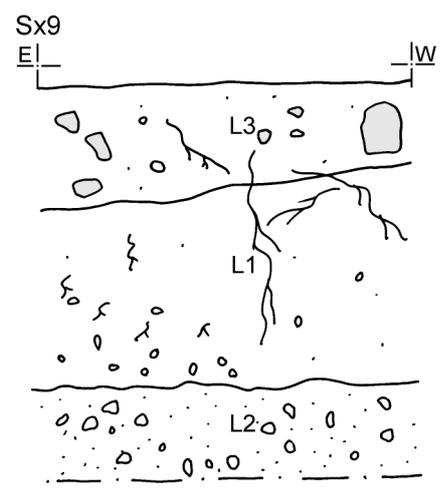
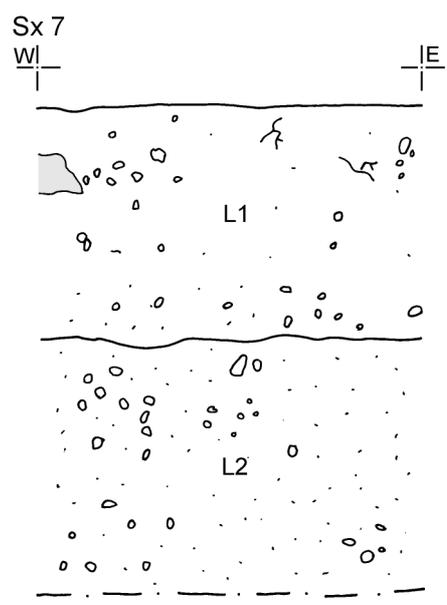


Fig 3 Feature and representative sections.

Essex Historic Environment Record/ Essex Archaeology and History

Summary sheet

Address: 22 St Peter's Road, West Mersea, Essex, CO5 8LJ	
Parish: West Mersea	District: Colchester
NGR: TM 00743 12575 (centre)	Site code: CAT project ref.: 17/09I CHER ref: ECC4087 OASIS ref: colchest3-296279
Type of work: Monitoring and recording	Site director/group: Colchester Archaeological Trust
Date of work: 23rd November – 8th December 2017	Size of area investigated: 0.11ha
Location of curating museum: Colchester museum accession code COLEM: 2017.126	Funding source: Developer
Further seasons anticipated? no	Related CHER/SMR number: EHER 2122, 2187, 2188, 2191, 2214, 2274, 12501, 12546, 45870; NHLE nos. 1225167, 1266512
Final report: CAT Report 1266	
Periods represented: ?Medieval/post-medieval	
Summary of fieldwork results: An archaeological watching brief was carried out at 22 St Peter's Road, West Mersea between the demolition of the existing building and its replacement with a new four-bedroom detached dwelling. An undated ditch and a medieval or post-medieval possible pit were detected.	
Previous summaries/reports: None	
CBC monitor: Jess Tipper	
Keywords: -	Significance: none
Author of summary: Dr Elliott Hicks	Date of summary: November 2018

Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) for continuous archaeological recording at 22 St Peter's Road, West Mersea, Essex, CO5 8LJ

NGR: TM 00743 12575 (centre)

Planning reference: 162644

Client: Mr & Mrs Porter

Curating Museum: Colchester

Museum accession code: [tbc](#)

CHER Project code: [tbc](#)

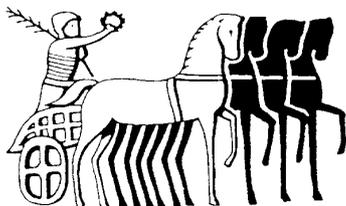
CAT Project code: 17/09I

OASIS ref.: colchest3-296279

Site Manager: Chris Lister

CBC Monitor: Jess Tipper

This WSI written: 20.09.2017



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Site location and description

The development site is located at 22 St Peter's Road, West Mersea, Colchester (Fig 1). Site centre is NGR TM 00743 12575.

Proposed work

The proposed development comprises of the demolition of the existing building and replacement with a new 4 bedroom detached dwelling.

Archaeological background

The following archaeological background draws on the major published sources for Colchester archaeology (listed below), and also on the Colchester Historic Environment Record (CHER) and the Essex Historic Environment Record (EHER).

The EHER shows that the development site lies to the west of the medieval Church of St Peter and St Paul (EHER 2274; NHLE no. 1225167) built with ragstone walls containing Roman and later brick. It is thought that a small medieval Benedictine priory existed to the west of the church and within the area of this development (EHER 2187), but little is known about it. Brick rubbish and burnt tile was seen by PG Laver in the area by 1906 (EHER 2188) and Roman pavements, tesserae, walls and pottery have also been found around the church (EHER 2122, 2191, 2214, 12501).

Groundworks near to the development site at 16 Church Road (Hallybone 2006), Yew Tree House (18th century listed building, NHLE no. 1266512) (CAR 6; microfiche 6/1992/1030, site code 1/84C), the Blackwater Hotel (CAT Report 223, EHER 45870) and 20 St Peter's Road (CAT Report 1038) did not reveal any significant archaeological horizons. Recent excavations undertaken at 24 St Peter's Road (CAT Report 1100) were similarly inconclusive with no archaeological remains uncovered. However, an inhumation recorded on Church Road (EHER12546) may be associated with the priory.

Planning background

A planning application (162644) was made to Colchester Borough Council in October 2016 for the demolition of a pre-existing property and subsequent construction of a new detached dwelling.

As the site lies within an area highlighted by the EHER / CHER as having a high potential for archaeological deposits, an archaeological condition was recommended by the Colchester Borough Council Archaeological Advisor (CBCAA). The recommended archaeological condition is based on the guidance given in the *National Planning Policy Framework* (DCLG 2012).

Requirement for work

The required archaeological work is for continuous archaeological monitoring and recording of all groundworks. Details are given in a Project Brief written by CBCAA (CBC 2016).

Specifically:

The monitoring and recording is being undertaken to identify and record any surviving archaeological deposits that may exist on site.

If unexpected remains are encountered, the CBCAA will be informed immediately and amendments may be made to the brief and this WSI to ensure adequate provision for archaeological recording. This could include the need for archaeological excavation of parts of the site which would otherwise be damaged or destroyed.

General methodology

All work carried out by CAT will be in accordance with:

- professional standards of the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, including its *Code of Conduct* (CIfA 2014a, b)
- Standards and Frameworks published by East Anglian Archaeology (Gurney 2003, Medlycott 2011)
- relevant Health & Safety guidelines and requirements (CAT 2014)
- the Project Brief issued by the CBCAA (CBC 2017).

Professional CAT field archaeologists will undertake all specified archaeological work, for which they will be suitably experienced and qualified.

Notification of the supervisor/project manager's name and the start date for the project will be provided to CBCAA one week before start of work.

Unless it is the responsibility of other site contractors, CAT will study mains service locations and avoid damage to these.

At the start of work (immediately before fieldwork commences) an OASIS online record <http://ads.ahds.ac.uk/project/oasis/> will be initiated and key fields completed on Details, Location and Creators forms. At the end of the project all parts of the OASIS online form will be completed for submission to EHER. This will include an uploaded .PDF version of the entire report.

A project or site code will be sought from the curating museum. This code will be used to identify the project archive when it is deposited at the curating museum.

Staffing

The number of field staff for this project is estimated as follows: One CAT archaeologist for the duration of the groundworks.

Monitoring methodology

There will be sufficient on-site attendance by CAT staff to maintain a watch on all contractors' ground works to record, excavate or sample (as necessary) any archaeological features or deposits.

All topsoil removal and ground reduction will be done with a toothless bucket.

If archaeological features or deposits are uncovered, time will be allowed for these to be planned and recorded.

If any features or deposits uncovered are to be destroyed by the proposed development, time will be allowed for these features to be excavated by hand. This includes a 50% sample of discrete features (pits, etc) and 10% of linear features (ditches, etc).

Fast hand-excavation techniques involving (for instance) picks, forks and mattocks will not be used on complex stratigraphy.

A metal detector will be used to examine spoil heaps, and the finds recovered.

Individual records of excavated contexts, layers, features or deposits will be entered on pro-forma record sheets. Registers will be compiled of finds, small finds and soil samples.

All features and layers or other significant deposits will be planned, and their profiles or sections recorded. The normal scale will be site plans at 1:20 and sections at 1:10, unless circumstances indicate that other scales would be appropriate.

Site surveying

Normal scale for archaeological site plans and sections is 1:20 and 1:10 respectively, unless circumstances indicate that other scales would be more appropriate.

The site grid will be tied into the National Grid. Corners of excavation areas and trenches will be located by NGR coordinates.

Environmental sampling policy

CAT has an arrangement with Val Fryer whereby any potentially rich environmental layers or features will be appropriately sampled as a matter of course, but only if they are datable. Any processing and reporting will be done by Val Fryer. If any complex or outstanding deposits are encountered, VF will be asked onto site to advise. EH Regional Adviser is available for further advice.

Human remains

CAT follows the policy of leaving human remains *in situ* unless there is a clear indication that the remains are in danger of being compromised as a result of their exposure. If circumstances indicated it were prudent or necessary to remove remains from the site during the monitoring, the following criteria would be applied; if it is clear from their position, context, depth, or other factors that the remains are ancient, then normal procedure is to apply to the Department of Justice for a licence to remove them. In that case, conditions laid down by the license will be followed. If it seems that the remains are not ancient, then the coroner, the client, and CBCAA will be informed, and any advice and/or instruction from the coroner will be followed.

Photographic record

Will include both general and feature-specific photographs, the latter with scale and north arrow. A photo register giving context number, details, and direction of shot will be prepared on site, and included in site archive.

Finds

All significant finds will be retained.

All finds, where appropriate, will be washed and marked with site code and context number.

Stephen Benfield (CAT) normally writes our finds reports. Some categories of finds are automatically referred to other CAT specialists:

animal bones (small groups): Adam Wightman
small finds, metalwork, coins, etc: Laura Pooley
flints: Adam Wightman

or to outside specialists:

animal bones (large groups) and human remains: Julie Curl (*Sylvanus*)
environmental processing and reporting: Val Fryer/Lisa Gray
conservation of finds: staff at Colchester Museum/Laura Ratcliffe

Other specialists whose opinion can be sought on large or complex groups include:

Roman brick/tile: Ernest Black
Roman glass: Hilary Cool
Prehistoric pottery: Paul Sealey
Other: EH Regional Adviser in Archaeological Science (East of England).

All finds of potential treasure will be removed to a safe place, and the coroner informed immediately, in accordance with the rules of the Treasure Act 1996. The definition of treasure is given in pages 3-5 of the Code of Practice of the above act. This refers primarily to gold or silver objects.

Requirements for conservation and storage of finds will be agreed with the appropriate museum prior to the start of work, and confirmed to CBCAA.

Results

Notification will be given to CBCAA when the fieldwork has been completed.

An appropriate archive will be prepared to minimum acceptable standards outlined in *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment* (English Heritage 2006).

The report will be submitted within 6 months of the end of fieldwork, with a copy supplied to CBCAA as a PDF.

The report will contain:

- Location plan of groundworks. At least two corners of which will be given 10 figure grid references.
- Section/s drawings showing depth of deposits from present ground level with Ordnance Datum, vertical and horizontal scale.
- Archaeological methodology and detailed results including a suitable conclusion and discussion and results referring to Regional Research Frameworks (Medlycott 2011).
- All specialist reports or assessments
- A concise non-technical summary of the project results.

An EHER summary sheet will also be completed within four weeks and supplied to CBCAA.

Results will be published, to at least a summary level (i.e. round-up in *Essex Archaeology & History*) in the year following the archaeological field work. An allowance will be made in the project costs for the report to be published in an adequately peer reviewed journal or monograph series

Archive deposition

It is a policy of Colchester Borough Council that the integrity of the site archive be maintained (i.e. all finds and records should be properly curated by a single organisation), with the archive available for public consultation. To achieve this desired aim it is assumed that the full archive will be deposited in Colchester Museums *unless otherwise agreed in advance*. (A full copy of the archive shall in any case be deposited).

By accepting this WSI, the client agrees to deposit the archive, including all artefacts, at Colchester & Ipswich Museum.

The requirements for archive storage will be agreed with the curating museum.

If the finds are to remain with the landowner, a full copy of the archive will be housed with the curating museum.

The archive will be deposited with Colchester & Ipswich Museum within 3 months of the completion of the final publication report, with a summary of the contents of the archive supplied to CBCAA.

Monitoring

CBCAA will be responsible for monitoring progress and standards throughout the project, and will be kept regularly informed during fieldwork, post-excavation and publication stages.

Notification of the start of work will be given to CBCAA one week in advance of its commencement.

Any variations in this WSI will be agreed with CBCAA prior to them being carried out. CBCAA will be notified when the fieldwork is complete.

The involvement of CBCAA shall be acknowledged in any report or publication generated by this project.

References

- Brown, D 2007 *Archaeological Archives: A guide to best practice in creation, compilation, transfer and curation*
- CAR 6 1992 *Colchester Archaeological Report 6: Excavations at Culver Street, the Gilbert School, and other sites in Colchester 1971-85*, by P Crummy
- CAT 2014 *Health & Safety Policy*
- CAT Report 2003 *An archaeological evaluation at the Blackwater Hotel, Church Road, West Mersea, Colchester, Essex: March 2003*
- CAT Report 2016 *Archaeological monitoring and recording at 20 St Peter's Road, West Mersea, Essex, CO5 8LJ: November 2016*
- CAT Report 2017 *Archaeological monitoring and recording at 24 St Peter's Road, West Mersea, Essex, CO5 8LJ: April 2017*
- CBCPS 2017 *Brief for continuous archaeological monitoring and recording at 22 St. Peters Road, West Mersea, Colchester, CO5 8LJ*
- CifA 2014a *Standard and Guidance for an archaeological watching brief*
- CifA 2014b *Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials*
- DCLG 2012 *National Planning Policy Framework*
- English Heritage 2006 *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)*
- Gurney, D 2003 *Standards for field archaeology in the East of England*. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 14 (EAA 14).
- Hallybone, C 2006 *Land to the rear of 16 Coast Road, West Mersea, Colchester, Essex: Archaeological monitoring and recording*
- Medlycott, M 2011 *Research and archaeology revisited: A revised framework for the East of England*. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 24 (EAA 24)

A Tuffey



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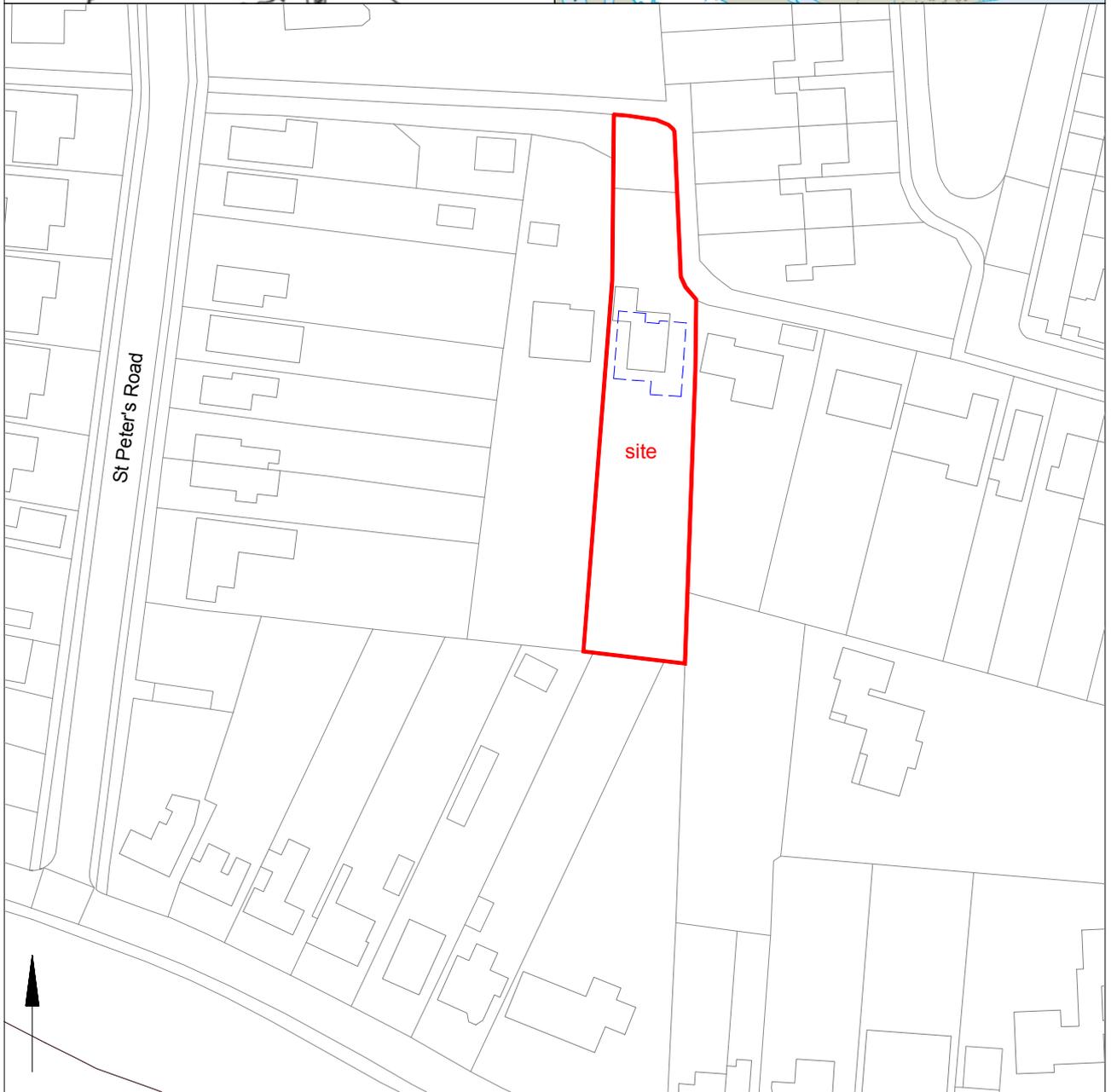
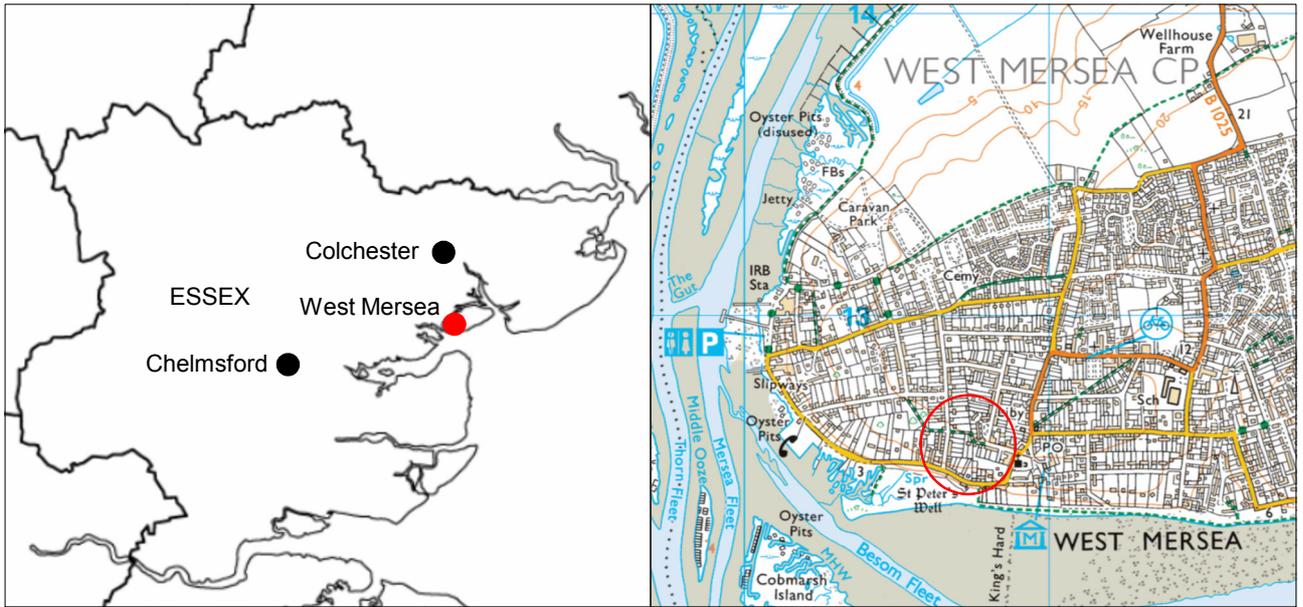


Fig 1 Site location, proposed development dashed blue

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Printable version

OASIS ID: colchest3-296279

Project details

Project name	Archaeological monitoring and recording at 22 St Peter's Road, West Mersea, Essex, CO5 8LJ
Short description of the project	Archaeological monitoring was carried out at 22 St Peter's Road, West Mersea between the demolition of the existing building and its replacement with a new four-bedroom detached dwelling. An undated ditch and a medieval or post-medieval possible pit were detected.
Project dates	Start: 23-11-2017 End: 08-12-2017
Previous/future work	No / Not known
Any associated project reference codes	17/09I - Contracting Unit No.
Any associated project reference codes	162644 - Planning Application No.
Any associated project reference codes	COLEM 2017.126 - Museum accession ID
Any associated project reference codes	ECC4087 - HER event no.
Type of project	Recording project
Site status	None
Current Land use	Residential 1 - General Residential
Monument type	PIT? Medieval
Monument type	PIT? Post Medieval
Monument type	DITCH Uncertain
Significant Finds	CBM Medieval
Significant Finds	CBM Post Medieval
Significant Finds	OYSTER SHELL Uncertain
Investigation type	""Watching Brief""
Prompt	Planning condition

Project location

Country	England
Site location	ESSEX COLCHESTER WEST MERSEA 22 St Peter's Road
Postcode	CO5 8LJ
Study area	0.11 Hectares
Site coordinates	TM 00743 12575 51.77524876366 0.910159306794 51 46 30 N 000 54 36 E Point

Project creators

Name of Organisation	Colchester Archaeological Trust
Project brief originator	CBC Archaeological Officer
Project design originator	Adam Tuffey
Project director/manager	Chris Lister
Project supervisor	Ben Holloway
Type of sponsor/funding body	Owner

Project archives

Physical Archive Exists?	No
Digital Archive recipient	Colchester Museum
Digital Archive ID	COLEM 2017.126
Digital Media available	"Images raster / digital photography","Text"
Paper Archive recipient	Colchester Museum
Paper Archive ID	COLEM 2017.126
Paper Media available	"Context sheet","Drawing","Miscellaneous Material","Photograph","Report","Section"

Project bibliography 1

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