

Archaeological evaluation at The Ramparts, Haynes Green Road, Layer Marney, Essex, CO5 9UF

June 2018



by Dr Elliott Hicks

with figures by Mark Baister and Emma Holloway

fieldwork by Mark Baister with Sarah Carter and Elliott Hicks

**commissioned by Richard Tattershall
on behalf of Tim Moore**

NGR: TL 9079 1767 (centre)

Planning ref.: 173198

CHER project: ECC4230

CAT project ref.: 18/06b

Colchester Museum accession code: COLEM: 2018.57

OASIS ref.: colchest3-319890



Colchester Archaeological Trust

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CAT Report 1293

July 2018

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1 Summary

An archaeological evaluation by test-pitting (twelve test-pits) was undertaken at The Rampart, Haynes Green Road, Layer Marney, Essex in advance of the construction of a temporary rural workers' dwelling, covered horse yard and stables, fodder store and foaling stable, and exercise manège. The site is located in the historic Haynes Green, and close to a prehistoric rampart and a number of cropmarks. Despite being located in an area of archaeological importance, however, no significant archaeological remains were uncovered.

2 Introduction (Fig 1)

This is the archive report for an archaeological evaluation by test-pitting at The Ramparts, Haynes Green Road, Layer Marney, which was carried out on 27th June 2018. The work was commissioned by Richard Tattershall on behalf of Tim Moore in advance of the construction of a temporary rural workers' dwelling, covered horse yard and stables, fodder store and foaling stable, and exercise manège, and was undertaken by Colchester Archaeological Trust (CAT).

As the site lies within an area highlighted by the CHER as having a high potential for archaeological deposits, an archaeological condition was recommended by the Colchester Borough Council Archaeological Advisor (CBCAA). This recommendation was for an archaeological evaluation by test-pitting and was based on the guidance given in the *National Planning Policy Framework* (DCLG 2012).

All archaeological work was carried out in accordance with a *Brief for a Trenched Archaeological Evaluation*, detailing the required archaeological work, written by Jess Tipper (CBCAA 2018), and a written scheme of investigation (WSI) prepared by CAT in response to the brief and agreed with ECCPS (CAT 2018).

In addition to the brief and WSI, all fieldwork and reporting was done in accordance with English Heritage's *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)* (English Heritage 2006), and with *Standards for field archaeology in the East of England* (EAA 14 and 24). This report mirrors standards and practices contained in the Institute for Archaeologists' *Standard and guidance for archaeological field evaluation* (ClfA 2014a) and *Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials* (ClfA 2014b).

3 Archaeological background

The following archaeological background draws on the Colchester Archaeological Trust report archive and the Colchester Historic Environment Record (CHER) via the Colchester Heritage Explorer (www.colchesterheritage.co.uk).

The development site is located on the southwestern edge of Haynes Green (CHER MCC9107). Haynes Green (spelled Heyns Green) is plotted on the 1777 Chapman & André Map, located between two historic woodland areas of Pods Wood and Layer Wood, just west of the settlement of Layer Marney. The green is shown to be triangular-shaped and located to the north of Haynes Green Farm, with a thin linear segment extending east and southeast along the southern edge of Layer Wood, to Stockhouse Farm. The map shows what appears to be a small collection of buildings, along the edge of the green. Haynes Green Farmhouse is a Grade II listed 16th-century timber-framed house (NHLE no. 1223970; MCC4350), with other 15th- to 18th-century buildings nearby (MCC4351, MCC4356-8, MCC7392).

The development site is located 130m to the north of a substantial rampart (double bank and water-filled ditch) which is also a scheduled monument (1005563; CHER MCC7314). A Heritage Impact Assessment prepared by CAT in 2017 (CAT Report

1204) concluded that 'the building of the manège and associated works in the revised locations will have a minimal impact on the setting of the Rampart'.

The possible remains of a Roman building are located 1.6km SE at Rockingham Farm (MCC7339). Cropmarks including former field boundaries, enclosures, trackways and linear features have also been recorded c 350m NNE at Haynes Green Cottages (MCC8690), 580m SE along Haynes Green Road (MCC5685), 1km NW at Harborough Hall Farm (MCC5700), 1km SE at Park House Farm (MCC7398).

A post-medieval tunnel has been recorded 280m SW (MCC7377) with the remains of the Second World War Birch airfield scattered across several sites to the north (MCC4100, MCC4859, MCC4883, MCC4888, MCC4890). Map and photographic evidence shows that the two fields encompassing the development site (both of which are now pasture) were orchards from at least the Second World War until the late 1970s.

4 Aims

Archaeological evaluation was undertaken at this site due to its location in the historic Haynes Green, an area of occupation and activity since at least the post-medieval period, and its proximity to the prehistoric earthen rampart and a series of cropmarks. The aim was to ascertain the extent of any surviving archaeological deposits that may exist on site.

5 Results (Figs 2-3)

Twelve test-pits were machine-excavated under the supervision of a CAT archaeologist within the footprints of the proposed new structures. Each measured 2m long by 2m wide, and all were excavated through modern topsoil/plough soil (L1, c 0.28-0.37m thick, hard, dry light grey/brown sandy-silt with charcoal and fleck inclusions and 7% stone piece inclusions) onto natural (L2, hard, dry medium yellow/grey/brown silty-sand with 10% gravel piece inclusions) with the exception of TP6, the northern half of which was excavated through a layer of crush (L3, up to c 0.38m thick, loose, dry medium grey silty-sand with 20% gravel, 10% stone and 50% tile/brick piece inclusions) onto L2. The presence of buried concrete prevented the full excavation of TP7.

No significant archaeological features were encountered.



Photograph 1 TP9 overview – looking south-west



Photograph 2 TP6 overview – looking east north-east

6 Finds

There were no archaeological finds.

7 Conclusion

All test-pits were excavated through plough soil onto natural with the exception of TP6, where the plough soil had been cleared and replaced by a layer of crush. A sondage was excavated in TP4 to ensure that the natural had been reached. Despite being located in an archaeologically-significant area, no archaeological remains were uncovered.

8 Acknowledgements

CAT thanks Richard Tattershall and Tim Moore for commissioning and funding the work. The project was managed by C Lister, fieldwork was carried out by M Baister with S Carter and E Hicks. Figures are by L Pooley and E Holloway. The project was monitored for Colchester Borough Council by Jess Tipper.

9 References

Note: all CAT reports, except for DBAs, are available online in PDF format at

<http://cat.essex.ac.uk>

CAT	2014	<i>Health & Safety Policy</i>
CAT Report 1204	2017	<i>The Rampart, Haynes Green, Layer Marney, Essex. Heritage Impact Assessment</i>
CBCAA	2016	<i>Brief for an archaeological test pit evaluation at The Rampart, Haynes Green Road, Layer Marney, Colchester, CO5 9UF</i> by J Tipper
CIfA	2014a	<i>Standard and Guidance for an archaeological evaluation</i>
CIfA	2014b	<i>Standard and guidance for the creation, compilation, transfer and deposition of archaeological archives</i>
CIfA	2014c	<i>Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials</i>
DCLG	2012	<i>National Planning Policy Framework</i>
English	2006	<i>Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment</i>

Heritage		(MoRPHE)
Gurney, D	2003	<i>Standards for field archaeology in the East of England</i> . East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 14 (EAA 14).
Medlycott, M	2011	<i>Research and archaeology revisited: A revised framework for the East of England</i> . East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 24 (EAA 24)

10 Abbreviations and glossary

CAT	Colchester Archaeological Trust
CBCAA	Colchester Borough Council Archaeological Advisor
CHER	Colchester Historic Environment Record
ClfA	Chartered Institute for Archaeologists
context	specific location of finds on an archaeological site
feature (F)	an identifiable thing like a pit, a wall, a drain: can contain 'contexts'
layer (L)	distinct or distinguishable deposit (layer) of material
modern	period from c AD 1800 to the present
natural	geological deposit undisturbed by human activity
NGR	National Grid Reference
OASIS	Online Access to the Index of Archaeological Investigation S , http://oasis.ac.uk/pages/wiki/Main
post-medieval	period from c AD 1500 to c 1800
prehistoric	pre-Roman
Roman	the period from AD 43 to c AD 410
section	(abbreviation sx or Sx) vertical slice through feature/s or layer/s
wsi	written scheme of investigation

11 Contents of archive

Finds: n/a

Paper and digital record

One A4 document wallet containing:

The report (CAT Report 1293)

CBC evaluation brief, CAT written scheme of investigation

Original site record (feature and layer sheets, finds record, plans)

Site digital photos and log, architectural plans, attendance register, risk assessment

12 Archive deposition

The paper and digital archive is currently held by the Colchester Archaeological Trust at Roman Circus House, Roman Circus Walk, Colchester, Essex CO2 7GZ, but will be permanently deposited with Colchester Museum under accession code COLEM: 2018.57.

Distribution list:

Richard Tattershall

Tim Moore

Jess Tipper, Colchester Borough Council Planning Services

Essex Historic Environment Record



Colchester Archaeological Trust

Roman Circus House,

Roman Circus Walk,

Colchester,

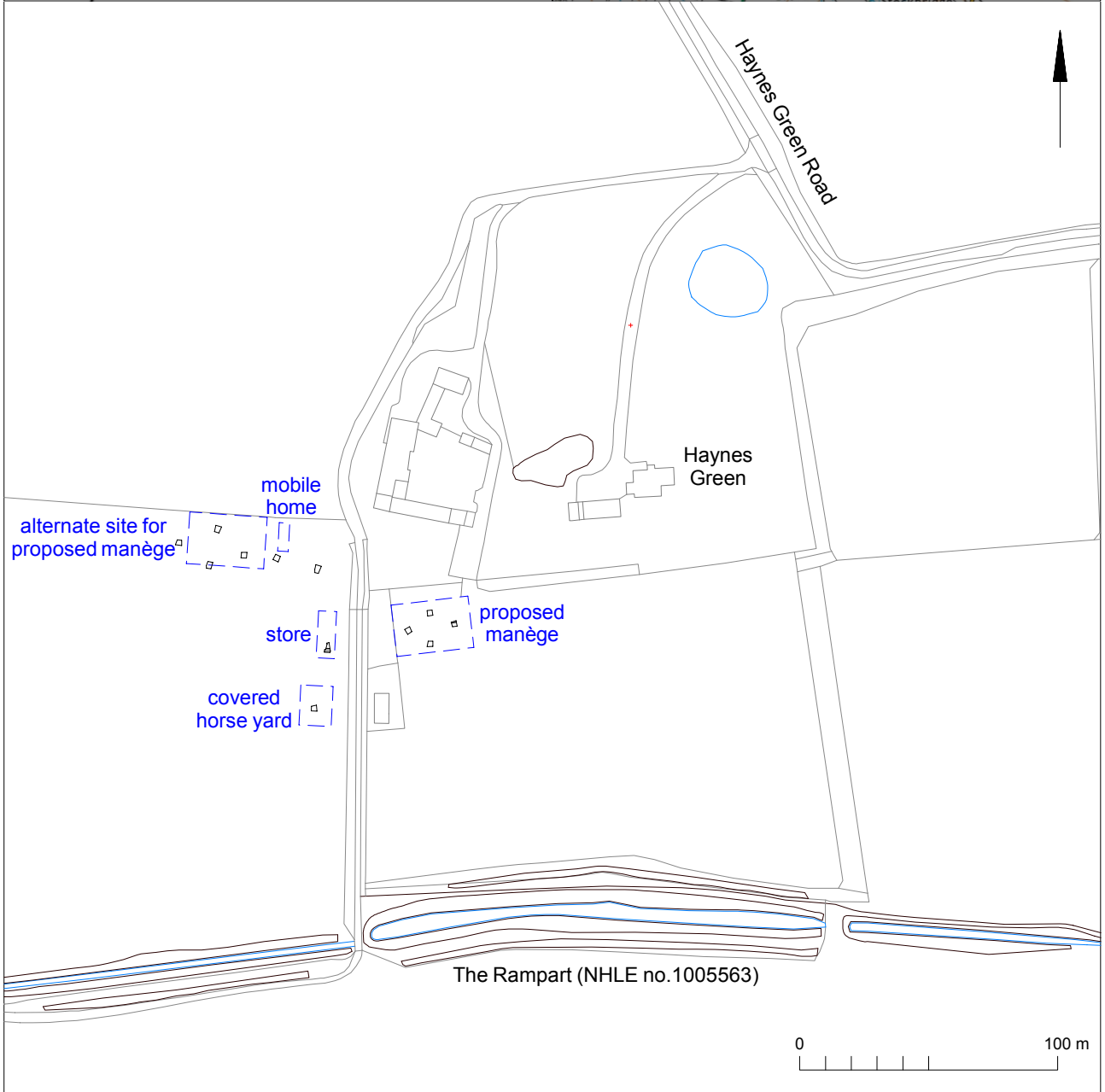
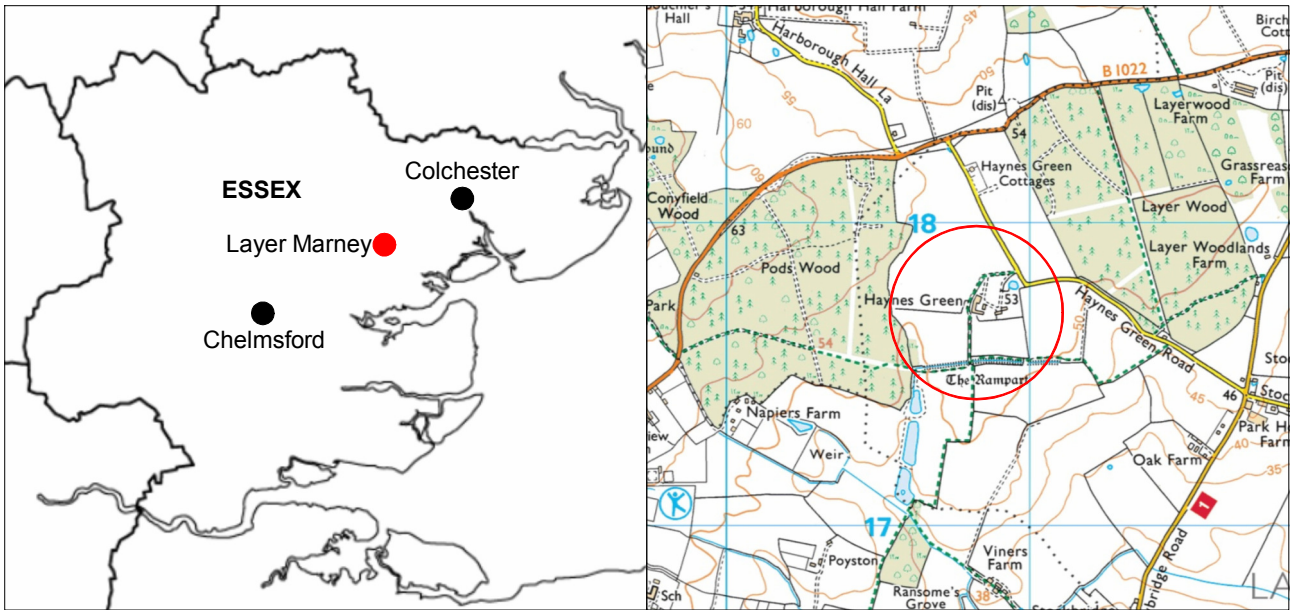
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Checked by: Philip Crummy

Date: 09.07.2018



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Fig 1 Site location with test-pits in relation to the proposed development (dashed blue)

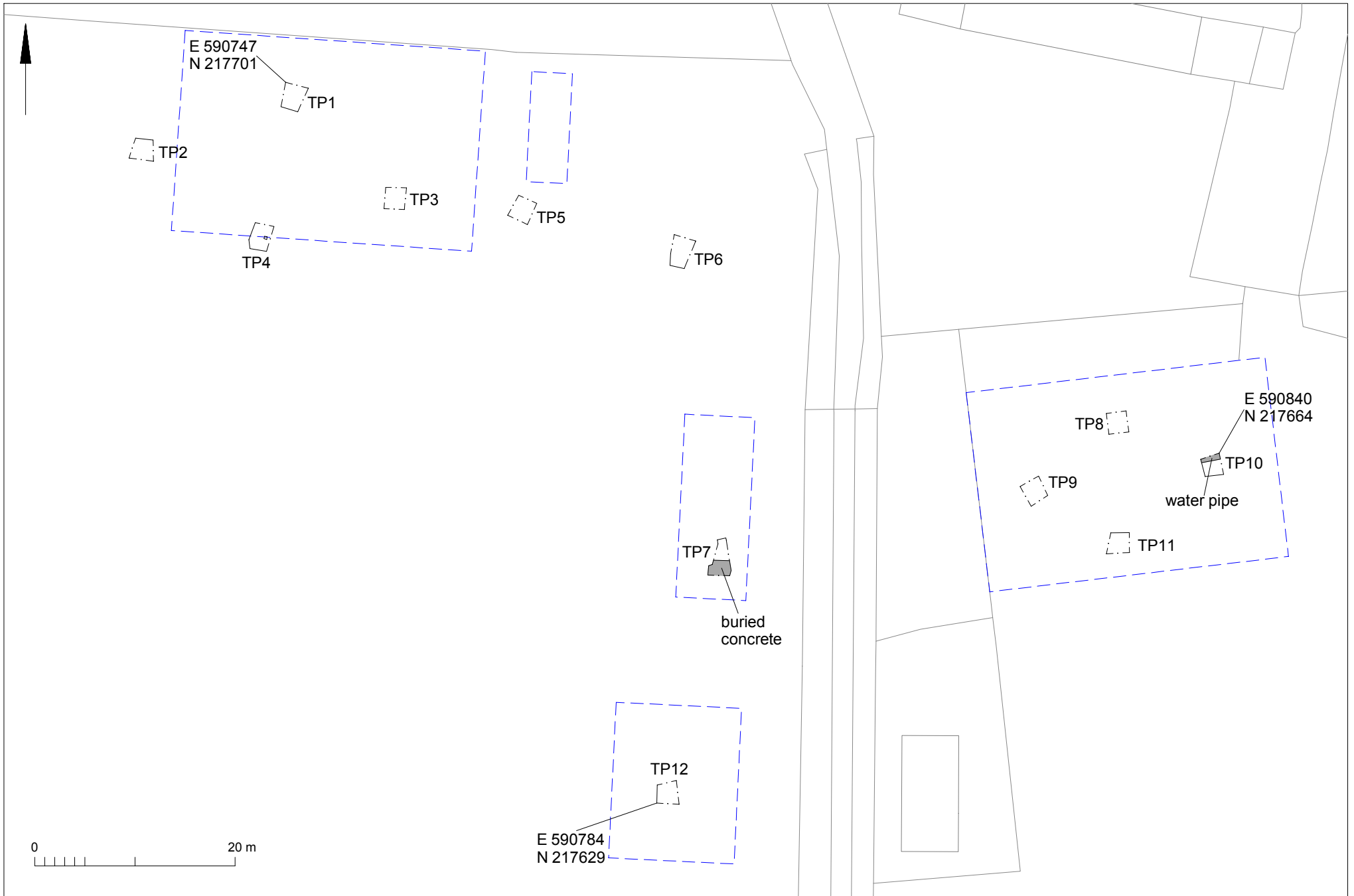


Fig 2 Results with modern features in grey

Essex Historic Environment Record/ Essex Archaeology and History

Summary sheet

Address: The Ramparts, Haynes Green Road, Layer Marney, Essex, CO5 9UF	
Parish: Colchester	District: Colchester
NGR: TL 9079 1767 (centre)	Site code: CAT project ref.: 18/06b CHER ref: ECC4230 OASIS ref: colchest3-319890
Type of work: Evaluation	Site director/group: Colchester Archaeological Trust
Date of work: 27th June 2018	Size of area investigated: 12ha
Location of curating museum: Colchester museum accession code COLEM: 2018.57	Funding source: Developer
Further seasons anticipated? Not known	Related CHER/SMR number: MCC4100, MCC4350, MCC4351, MCC4356, MCC4357, MCC4358, MCC4859, MCC4883, MCC4888, MCC4890, MCC5685, MCC5700, MCC7314, MCC7339, MCC7377, MCC7392, MCC7398, MCC8690, MCC9107 NHLE no. 1223970
Final report: CAT Report 1293	
Periods represented: none	
Summary of fieldwork results: <i>An archaeological evaluation by test-pitting (twelve test-pits) was undertaken at The Rampart, Haynes Green Road, Layer Marney, Essex in advance of the construction of a temporary rural workers' dwelling, covered horse yard and stables, fodder store and foaling stable, and exercise manège. The site is located in the historic Haynes Green, and close to a prehistoric rampart and a number of cropmarks. Despite being located in an archaeologically-significant area, however, no significant archaeological remains were uncovered.</i>	
Previous summaries/reports: -	
CBC monitor: Jess Tipper	
Keywords: -	Significance: -
Author of summary: Dr Elliott Hicks	Date of summary: July 2018

Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) for an archaeological evaluation at The Rampart, Haynes Green Road, Layer Marney, Essex, CO5 9UF

NGR: TL 9079 1767 (centre)

Planning reference: 173198

Commissioned by: Richard Tattersall

Client: Tim Moore

Curating museum: Colchester

Museum accession code: [tbc](#)

CHER number: [tbc](#)

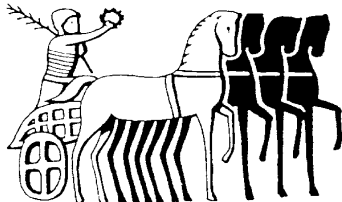
CAT project code: 18/06c

OASIS project id: colchest3-319890

Site manager: Chris Lister

CBC monitor: Jess Tipper

This WSI written: 14.6.2018



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Site location and description

The proposed development is located at The Rampart, off Haynes Green Road, Layer Marney, Essex (Fig 1). The site is centred on NGR TL 9079 1767.

Proposed work

The development comprises the construction of a temporary rural workers dwelling, covered horse yard and stables, fodder store and foaling stable, and exercise manège.

Archaeological background

The following archaeological background draws on the Colchester Archaeological Trust report archive and the Colchester Historic Environment Record (CHER) via the Colchester Heritage Explorer (www.colchesterheritage.co.uk).

The development site is located on the southwestern edge of Haynes Green (CHER MCC9107). Haynes Green (spelled Heyns Green) is plotted on the 1777 Chapman & André Map, located between two historic woodland areas of Pods Wood and Layer Wood, just west of the settlement of Layer Marney. The green is shown to be triangular-shaped and located to the north of Haynes Green Farm, with a thin linear segment extending east and southeast along the southern edge of Layer Wood, to Stockhouse Farm. The map shows what appears to be a small collection of buildings, along the edge of the green. Haynes Green Farmhouse is a Grade II listed 16th-century timber-framed house (NHLE no. 1223970; MCC4350), with other 15th- to 18th-century buildings nearby (MCC4351, MCC4356-8, MCC7392).

The development site is located 130m to the north of a substantial rampart (double bank and water-filled ditch) which is also a scheduled monument (1005563; CHER MCC7314). A Heritage Impact Assessment prepared by CAT in 2017 (CAT Report 1204) concluded that 'the building of the manège and associated works in the revised locations will have a minimal impact on the setting of the Rampart'.

The possible remains of a Roman building are located 1.6km SE at Rockingham Farm (MCC7339). Cropmarks including former field boundaries, enclosures, trackways and linear features have also been recorded c 350m NNE at Haynes Green Cottages (MCC8690), 580m SE along Haynes Green Road (MCC5685), 1km NW at Harborough Hall Farm (MCC5700), 1km SE at Park House Farm (MCC7398).

A post-medieval tunnel has been recorded 280m SW (MCC7377) with the remains of Birch WWII Airfield scattered across several sites to the north (MCC4100, MCC4859, MCC4883, MCC4888, MCC4890). Map and photographic evidence shows that the two fields encompassing the development site (both of which are now pasture) were orchards from at least World War II until the late 1970s.

Planning background

A planning application was submitted to Colchester Borough Council in December 2017 (application no.173198) proposing the construction of a temporary rural workers dwelling, covered horse yard and stables, fodder store, foaling stable and exercise manège.

As the site lies within an area highlighted by the EHER / CHER as having a high potential for archaeological deposits, an archaeological condition was recommended by the Colchester Borough Council Archaeological Advisor (CBCAA). This recommendation was for an archaeological test-pit evaluation was based on the guidance given in the *National Planning Policy Framework* (DCLG 2012).

Requirement for work

The required work is for an archaeological test-pit evaluation to be carried out in advance of any groundworks to enable the archaeological resource, both in quality and extent, to be accurately quantified. Details are given in a Project Brief written by CBCAA (CBC 2018).

Specifically, twelve 2m by 2m test-pits will be excavated to cover the areas of the new manège, mobile home, store/foaling stable, covered horse yard/stables, access and parking areas.

The trial-trenching is required to:

- Identify the date, approximate form and purpose of any archaeological deposit, together with its likely extent, localised depth and quality of preservation.
- Evaluate the likely impact of past land uses, and the possible presence of masking colluvial/alluvial deposits.
- Establish the potential for the survival of environmental evidence
- Provide sufficient information to construct an archaeological conservation strategy, dealing with preservation, the recording of archaeological deposits, working practices, timetables and orders of cost.

If unexpected or unusual remains are encountered the CBCAA will be informed immediately.

Further trial-trenched evaluation may be required by the CBCAA, which would be the subject of an additional brief and wsi.

General methodology

All work carried out by CAT will be in accordance with:

- Professional standards of the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, including its *Code of Conduct* (CIfA 2014a-c)
- Standards and Frameworks published by East Anglian Archaeology (Gurney 2003, Medlycott 2011)
- Relevant Health & Safety guidelines and requirements (CAT 2014)
- The Project Brief issued by CBCAA (CBC 2018)

Professional CAT field archaeologists will undertake all specified archaeological work, for which they will be suitably experienced and qualified.

Notification of the supervisor/project manager's name and the start date for the project will be provided to CBCAA one week before start of work.

Unless it is the responsibility of other site contractors, CAT will study mains service locations and avoid damage to these.

A project or site code will be sought from the curating museum, as appropriate to the project. This code will be used to identify the finds bags and boxes, and the project archive when it is deposited at the curating museum.

Staffing

The number of field staff for this project is estimated as follows: one supervisor plus two archaeologists for one day.

In charge of day-to-day site work: Nigel Rayner

Test-pit evaluation methodology

Where appropriate, modern overburden and any topsoil stripping/levelling will be performed using a mechanical excavator equipped with a toothless ditching bucket under the supervision and to the satisfaction of a professional archaeologist. If no archaeologically

significant deposits are exposed, machine excavation will continue until natural subsoil is reached.

Where necessary, areas will be cleaned by hand to ensure the visibility of archaeological deposits.

If archaeological features or deposits are uncovered time will be allowed for these to be excavated, planned and recorded.

All features or deposits will be excavated by hand. This includes a 50% sample of discrete features (pits, etc), 10% of linear features (ditches, etc) in 1m wide sections, and 100% of complex structures/features. Complex archaeological structures such as walls, kilns, ovens or burials will be carefully cleaned, planned and fully recorded, but where possible left *in situ*. Only if it can be demonstrated that the complex structure/feature is likely to be destroyed by groundworks will it be removed, or on the rare occasion where full excavation (or exhumation in the case of burials) is necessary to achieve the objectives of the evaluation.

Fast hand-excavation techniques involving (for instance) picks, forks and mattocks will not be used on complex stratigraphy.

A sondage will be excavated in each test-pit to test the stratigraphy of the site. This will occur in every trench unless it can be demonstrated that a feature excavated within a particular trench has clearly penetrated into natural.

A representative section will be drawn of each trench, to include ground level, the depth of machining within the trench and the depth of any sondages.

A metal detector will be used to examine trenches, contexts and spoil heaps, and the finds recovered.

Individual records of excavated contexts, layers, features or deposits will be entered on pro-forma record sheets. Registers will be compiled of finds, small finds and soil samples.

Site surveying

The evaluation trench and any features will be surveyed by Total Station, unless the particulars of the features indicate that manual planning techniques should be employed. Normal scale for archaeological site plans and sections is 1:20 and 1:10 respectively, unless circumstances indicate that other scales would be more appropriate. Any significant features, ie burials, will be planned by hand.

The site grid will be tied into the National Grid. Corners of excavation areas will be located by NGR coordinates.

Environmental sampling policy

The number and range of samples collected will be adequate to determine the potential of the site, with particular focus on palaeoenvironmental remains including both biological remains (e.g. plants, small vertebrates) and small sized artefacts (e.g. smithing debris), and to provide information for sampling strategies on any future excavation. Samples will be collected for potential micromorphical and other pedological sedimentological analysis. Environmental bulk samples will be 40 litres in size (assuming context is large enough)

Sampling strategies will address questions of:

- the range of preservation types (charred, mineral-replaced, waterlogged), and their quality
- concentrations of macro-remains
- and differences in remains from undated and dated features
- variation between different feature types and areas of site

CAT has an arrangement with Val Fryer / Lisa Gray whereby any potentially rich environmental layers or features will be appropriately sampled as a matter of course. Trained CAT staff will do all processing with flots passed to Val Fryer / Lisa Gray for analysis and reporting.

Should any complex, or otherwise outstanding deposits be encountered, VF/LG will be asked onto site to advise. Waterlogged 'organic' features will always be sampled. In all cases, the advice of VF/LG and/or the Historic England Regional Advisor in Archaeological Science (East of England) on sampling strategies for complex or waterlogged deposits will be followed, including the taking of monolith samples.

Human remains

CAT follows the policy of leaving human remains *in situ* unless there is a clear indication that the remains are in danger of being compromised as a result of their exposure. As the requirement for work is for full excavation any human remains encountered on the site will be subject to the following criteria: if it is clear from their position, context, depth, or other factors that the remains are ancient, then normal procedure is to apply to the Ministry of Justice for a licence to remove them. In that case, conditions laid down by the license will be followed. If it seems that the remains are not ancient, then the coroner, the client, and CBCAA will be informed, and any advice and/or instruction from the coroner will be followed.

Photographic record

Will include both general and feature-specific photographs, the latter with scale and north arrow. A photo register giving context number, details, and direction of shot will be prepared on site, and included in site archive.

Finds

All significant finds will be retained.

All finds, where appropriate, will be washed and marked with site code and context number.

Stephen Benfield (CAT) normally writes our finds reports. Some categories of finds are automatically referred to other CAT specialists:

small finds, metalwork, coins, etc: Laura Pooley

animal bones (small groups): Alec Wade / Adam Wightman

flints: Adam Wightman

or to outside specialists:

animal bones (large groups) and human remains: Julie Curl (*Sylvanus*)

environmental processing and reporting: Val Fryer / Lisa Gray

conservation of finds: Laura Ratcliffe (L R Conservation) / staff at Norfolk Museum
Service conservation section

Other specialists whose opinion can be sought on large or complex groups include:

Roman brick/tile: Ernest Black

Roman glass: Hilary Cool

Prehistoric pottery: Paul Sealey

Other: Historic England Regional Advisor in Archaeological Science (East of England).

All finds of potential treasure will be removed to a safe place, and the coroner informed immediately, in accordance with the rules of the Treasure Act 1996. The definition of treasure is given in pages 3-5 of the Code of Practice of the above act. This refers primarily to gold or silver objects.

Requirements for conservation and storage of finds will be agreed with the appropriate museum prior to the start of work, and confirmed to CBCAA.

Results

Notification will be given to CBCAA when the fieldwork has been completed.

An appropriate archive will be prepared to minimum acceptable standards outlined in *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment* (English Heritage 2006).

The report will be submitted within 6 months of the end of fieldwork, with a copy supplied to CBCAA as a PDF.

The report will contain:

- The aims and methods adopted in the course of the archaeological project.
- Location plan of the trenches in relation to the proposed development. At least two corners of each trench will be given 10 figure grid references.
- A section drawing showing depth of deposits from present ground level with Ordnance Datum, vertical and horizontal scale (if this can be safely done)
- Archaeological methodology and detailed results including a suitable conclusion and discussion and results referring to Regional Research Frameworks (Medlycott 2011).
- All specialist reports or assessments
- A concise non-technical summary of the project results.

An EHER summary sheet will also be completed and supplied to CBCAA.

Results will be published, to at least a summary level (i.e. round-up in *Essex Archaeology & History*) in the year following the archaeological field work. An allowance will be made in the project costs for the report to be published in an adequately peer reviewed journal or monograph series

Archive deposition

It is a policy of Colchester Borough Council that the integrity of the site archive be maintained (i.e. all finds and records should be properly curated by a single organisation), with the archive available for public consultation. To achieve this desired aim it is assumed that the full archive will be deposited in Colchester Museums *unless otherwise agreed in advance*. (A full copy of the archive shall in any case be deposited).

By accepting this WSI, the client agrees to deposit the archive, including all artefacts, at Colchester & Ipswich Museum.

The requirements for archive storage will be agreed with the curating museum.

If the finds are to remain with the landowner, a full copy of the archive will be housed with the curating museum.

The archive will be deposited with Colchester & Ipswich Museum within 3 months of the completion of the final publication report, with a summary of the contents of the archive supplied to CBCAA.

Monitoring

CBCAA will be responsible for monitoring progress and standards throughout the project, and will be kept regularly informed during fieldwork, post-excavation and publication stages.

Notification of the start of work will be given to CBCAA one week in advance of its commencement.

Any variations in this WSI will be agreed with CBCAA prior to them being carried out.

CBCAA will be notified when the fieldwork is complete.

The involvement of CBCAA shall be acknowledged in any report or publication generated by this project.

References

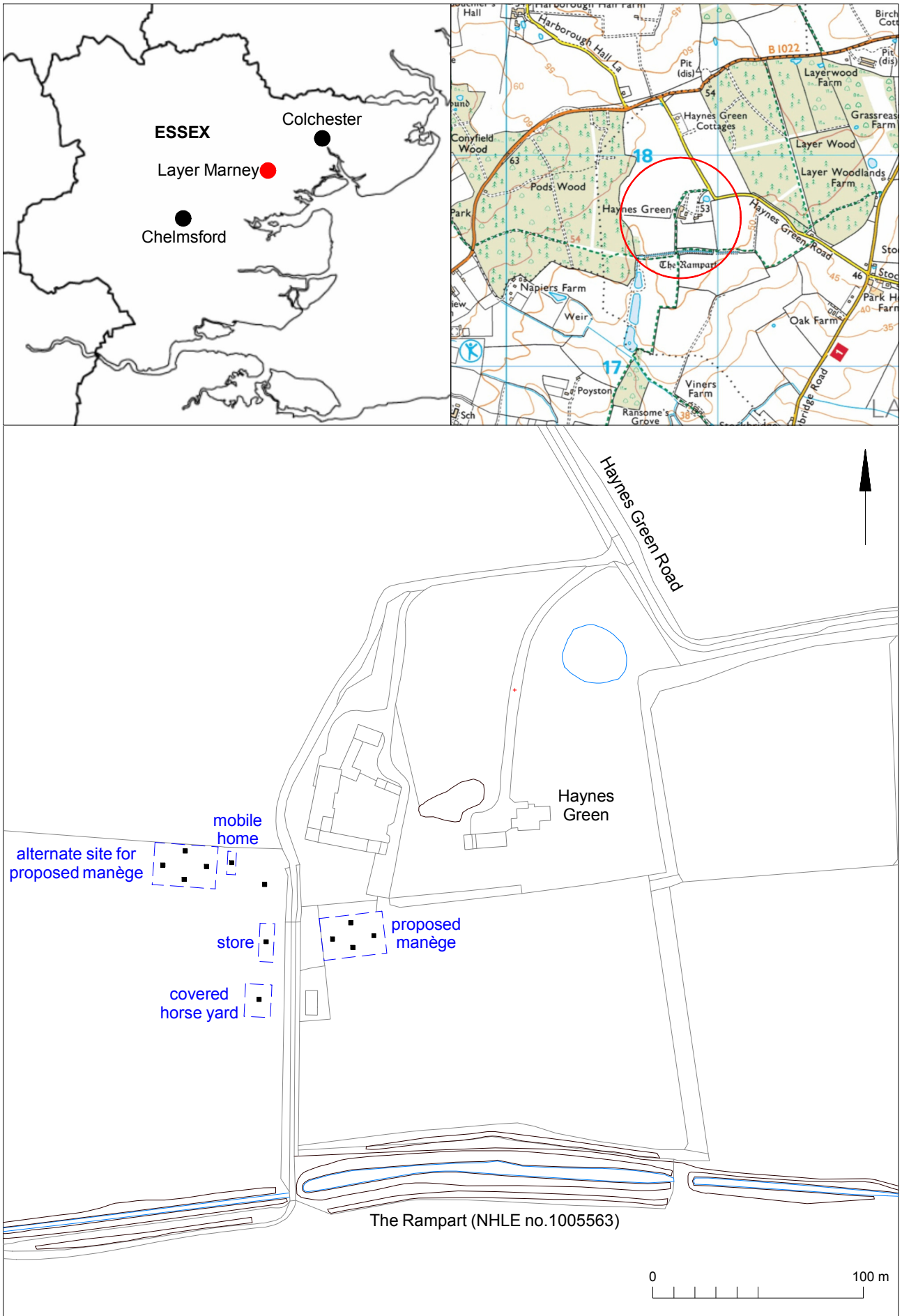
- | | | |
|------------------|-------|--|
| CAT | 2014 | <i>Health & Safety Policy</i> |
| CAT Report 1204 | 2017 | <i>The Rampart, Haynes Green, Layer Marney, Essex. Heritage Impact Assessment</i> |
| CBCAA | 2016 | <i>Brief for an archaeological test pit evaluation at The Rampart, Haynes Green Road, Layer Marney, Colchester, CO5 9UF by J Tipper</i> |
| CIfA | 2014a | <i>Standard and Guidance for an archaeological evaluation</i> |
| CIfA | 2014b | <i>Standard and guidance for the creation, compilation, transfer and deposition of archaeological archives</i> |
| CIfA | 2014c | <i>Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials</i> |
| DCLG | 2012 | <i>National Planning Policy Framework</i> |
| English Heritage | 2006 | <i>Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)</i> |
| Gurney, D | 2003 | <i>Standards for field archaeology in the East of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 14 (EAA 14).</i> |
| Medlycott, M | 2011 | <i>Research and archaeology revisited: A revised framework for the East of England. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Papers 24 (EAA 24)</i> |

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Fig 1 Site location and test pit proposal.

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OASIS ID: colchest3-319890

Project details

Project name	Archaeological evaluation at The Rampart, Haynes Green Road, Layer Marney, Essex, CO5 9UF
Short description of the project	An archaeological evaluation by test-pitting (twelve test-pits) was undertaken at The Rampart, Haynes Green Road, Layer Marney, Essex in advance of the construction of a temporary rural workers' dwelling, covered horse yard and stables, fodder store and foaling stable, and exercise manège. The site is located in the historic Haynes Green, and close to a prehistoric rampart and a number of cropmarks. Despite being located in an area of archaeological importance, however, no significant archaeological remains were uncovered.
Project dates	Start: 27-06-2018 End: 27-06-2018
Previous/future work	No / Not known
Any associated project reference codes	18/06c - Contracting Unit No.
Any associated project reference codes	173198 - Planning Application No.
Any associated project reference codes	COLEM 2018.57 - Museum accession ID
Any associated project reference codes	ECC4230 - HER event no.
Type of project	Field evaluation
Site status	None
Current Land use	Cultivated Land 4 - Character Undetermined
Methods & techniques	"Test Pits"
Development type	Rural commercial
Prompt	Planning condition
Position in the planning process	Not known / Not recorded

Project location

Country	England
Site location	ESSEX COLCHESTER LAYER MARNEY The Rampart, Haynes Green Road
Postcode	CO5 9UF
Study area	12 Hectares
Site coordinates	TL 9079 1767 51.824506622587 0.768861134091 51 49 28 N 000 46 07 E Point

Project creators

Name of Organisation	Colchester Archaeological Trust
Project brief originator	CBC Archaeological Officer
Project design originator	Laura Pooley
Project director/manager	Chris Lister
Project supervisor	Nigel Rayner
Type of sponsor/funding body	Owner

Project archives

Physical Archive Exists?	No
Digital Archive recipient	Colchester Museum
Digital Archive ID	COLEM 2018.57
Digital Media available	"Images raster / digital photography","Survey"
Paper Archive recipient	Colchester Museum
Paper Archive ID	COLEM 2018.57
Paper Media available	"Context sheet","Drawing","Miscellaneous Material","Photograph","Report"

Project bibliography 1

Publication type	Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)
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